

## ATXN1 monoclonal antibody

Catalog: MB21414

Host: Mouse

Reactivity: Human

### Background:

The autosomal dominant cerebellar ataxias (ADCA) are a heterogeneous group of neurodegenerative disorders characterized by progressive degeneration of the cerebellum, brain stem and spinal cord. Clinically, ADCA has been divided into three groups: ADCA types I-III. ADCA I is genetically heterogeneous, with five genetic loci, designated spinocerebellar ataxia (SCA) 1, 2, 3, 4 and 6, being assigned to five different chromosomes. ADCA II, which always presents with retinal degeneration (SCA7), and ADCA III often referred to as the 'pure' cerebellar syndrome (SCA5), are most likely homogeneous disorders. Several SCA genes have been cloned and shown to contain CAG repeats in their coding regions. ADCA is caused by the expansion of the CAG repeats, producing an elongated polyglutamine tract in the corresponding protein. The expanded repeats are variable in size and unstable, usually increasing in size when transmitted to successive generations. The function of the ataxins is not known. This locus has been mapped to chromosome 6, and it has been determined that the diseased allele contains 41-81 CAG repeats, compared to 6-39 in the normal allele. At least two transcript variants encoding the same protein have been found for this gene. Tissue specificity: Widely expressed throughout the body.

### Product:

Ascitic fluid containing 0.03% sodium azide.

### Molecular Weight:

87kDa

### Swiss-Prot:

P54253

### Purification&Purity:

The antibody was affinity-purified from mouse ascites by affinity-chromatography using epitope-specific immunogen and the purity is > 95% (by SDS-PAGE).

### Applications:

IHC:1/200 - 1/1000 IF:1/200 - 1/1000 FC:1/200 - 1/400

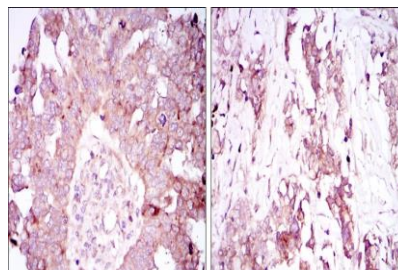
### Storage&Stability:

Store at 4 °C short term. Aliquot and store at -20 °C long term. Avoid freeze-thaw cycles.

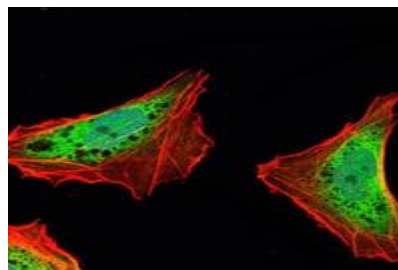
### Isotype:

Mouse IgG1

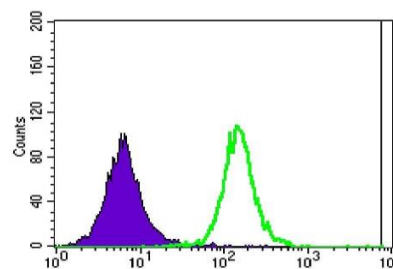
### DATA:



Immunohistochemical analysis of paraffin-embedded human ovarian cancer tissues (left) and lung cancer tissues (right) using ATXN1 mouse mAb with DAB staining.



Immunofluorescence analysis of NTERA-2 cells using ATXN1 mouse mAb (green). Blue: DRAQ5 fluorescent DNA dye. Red: Actin filaments have been labeled with Alexa Fluor-555 phalloidin.



Flow cytometric analysis of Jurkat cells using ATXN1 mouse mAb

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## PRODUCT DATA SHEET

Bioworld Technology, Inc.

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(green) and negative control (purple).

For research use only, not for use in diagnostic procedure.

Note:

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