ATP6V1B1 Recombinant Rabbit mAb

Catalog: BS48072	Host: Rabbit	Reactivity: Human, Mouse, Rat

BackGround:

This gene encodes a component of vacuolar ATPase (V-ATPase), a multisubunit enzyme that mediates acidification of eukaryotic intracellular organelles. V-ATPase dependent organelle acidification is necessary for such intracellular processes as protein sorting, zymogen activation, receptor-mediated endocytosis, and synaptic vesicle proton gradient generation. V-ATPase is composed of a cytosolic V1 domain and a transmembrane V0 domain. The V1 domain consists of three A and three B subunits, two G subunits plus the C, D, E, F, and H subunits. The V1 domain contains the ATP catalytic site. The V0 domain consists of five different subunits: a, c, c', c'', and d. Additional isoforms of many of the V1 and V0 subunit proteins are encoded by multiple genes or alternatively spliced transcript variants. This encoded protein is one of two V1 domain B subunit isoforms and is found in the kidney. Mutations in this gene cause distal renal tubular acidosis associated with sensorineural deafness. [provided by RefSeq, Jul 2008]

Product:

Store at -20℃. Supplied in 50mM Tris-Glycine(pH 7.4), 0.15M NaCl, 40%Glycerol, 0.01% sodium azide and 0.05% BSA. Stable for 12 months from date of receipt.

Molecular Weight:

57 kDa

Swiss-Prot:

P15313

Purification&Purity:

Affinity Purification

Applications:

WB: 1:1000-1:5000
IHC: 1:50-1:200

Storage&Stability:

Store at 4℃ short term. Aliquot and store at -20℃ long term. Avoid freeze-thaw cycles.

Isotype:

IgG

DATA:

Western blot analysis of extracts from Rat kidney tissue at 1:2000.

Note:

For research use only, not for use in diagnostic procedure.